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# 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Asphalt (Performance Graded)

Alternate Names PG Asphalt; PG 52-28; PG 58-28; PG 64-22;

PG 52S-28; PG 58S-28; PG64S-22;

PG 76-22; PG 67-22

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name United Refining Company

15 Bradley Street P.O. Box 780 Warren, PA 16365

**Emergency** 

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300 Customer Service: United Refining Company (814) 723-1500

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

No applicable GHS categories.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

No applicable GHS categories.

## [Prevention]:

No GHS prevention statements

#### [Response]:

No GHS response statements

## [Storage]:

No GHS storage statements



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## [Disposal]:

No GHS disposal statements

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Asphalt (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008052-42-4	75 - 100	Not Classified	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin: Moderately irritating. Ingestion: Abdominal irritation.

Inhalation: If enlivened by primer or heat, over exposure to fume could cause irritation,

dizziness.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

**Eyes** Flush with large amounts of water immediately. Eye lids should be held away from the

eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Thermal burns

require immediate medical attention.

**Skin** Thermal burns require immediate medical attention. Remove clothing and wash with soap

and water.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting - aspiration hazard. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, monitor for

breathing difficulty. Get immediate medical attention. 3 to 5 oz. may be fatal.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

<sup>[2]</sup> Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

<sup>[3]</sup> PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

<sup>\*</sup>The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



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Overview

**EYE:** Conjunctivitis, irritation, tearing, and burns by molten product.

**SKIN:** Contact with hot asphalt may result in thermal burns of the skin. Prolonged contact a ambient temperatures may result in irritation or inflammation. Allergic skin reactions may occur on occasion and the skin may become sensitized.

**INHALATION:** Asphalt fumes cause irritation to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract and may cause nausea, dizziness, and headache.

**INGESTION:** 3 to 5 oz. may be fatal. Ingestion is not considered likely to occur.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Unknown except those secondary to inhalation, ingestion, or skin

contact.

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS: Major hazard is from prolonged inhalation of the concentrated

fumes from hot asphalt. Direct contact and ingestion should also be avoided.

See section 2 for further details.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Foam, CO2, or Dry Chemical Extinguishers.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Use bunker gear and self-contained breathing apparatus. There is a potential for containers of the more volatile asphalts to rupture violently in fires. Vapors from such products may explode if ignited in a confined area.

ERG Guide No. 128

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If your facility or operation has an "Oil or Hazardous Substance Contingency Plan", activate the procedure. Take immediate steps to stop and contain the spill. Caution should be exercised regarding personal safety and exposure to the spilled material.



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# 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Avoid extremes of temperature in storage. Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition, and incompatibles. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas of use or storage. Empty containers may contain flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapors. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld or reuse containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards.

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage.

Incompatible materials: Asphalt is incompatible primarily with strong oxidizing materials. Asphalts do not react with water, but water or foam may cause frothing under fire conditions.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## **Exposure**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit
Ì		ACGIH	TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B
		NIOSH	Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit

### Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory** In case of burning material, use SCAB.

**Eyes** Glasses, Goggles or Full Face Shield. Have eye baths readily available. Do not wear

contact lenses.

**Skin** Wear impervious gloves (and clothing) to prevent skin contact.



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**Engineering Controls** 

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Other Work Practices** 

Personal protective equipment should be worn to preclude contact with liquid and vapors. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Odor

Odor Petroleum Odor

Odor threshold

PH

Not Measured

Melting point / freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Viscous Black Liquid

Petroleum Odor

Not Measured

Not Measured

>800 °F

Flash Point 570 °F (ASTM D-92)
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Less than Ether
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured

**Upper Explosive Limit:** Not Measured

Vapor pressure (Pa)<1 mmHg</th>Vapor DensityNot Volatile

Specific Gravity 1.02

Solubility in Water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition temperature

Less than 0.1%

Not Measured
>600 °F

**Decomposition temperature**Not Measured

Viscosity (cSt) 200 Centipoise @135°C

VOC Content <1%

#### 9.2. Other information

Note: Asphalt is a native mixture of hydrocarbons which occurs as an amorphous, brownish-black solid or semi-solid. Asphalt results from evaporation of the lighter hydrocarbons from petroleum and partial oxidation of the residue. Petroleum asphalts, thus, should be differentiated from tar or pitch, which results from the destructive distillation of coal.



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# 10. Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid open flames and fume inhalation.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Asphalt is incompatible primarily with strong oxidizing materials. Asphalts do not react with water, but water or foam may cause frothing under fire conditions.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide.

# 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity**

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable



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Carcinogenicity	 Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	 Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	 Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	 Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	 Not Applicable

# 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

## **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

This substance, when discarded or disposed of, is not specifically listed as a hazardous waste in federal regulations; however it could be hazardous if it is considered toxic, corrosive, ignitable, or reactive according to federal definitions (40 CFR 261). Additionally, it could be designated as hazardous according to state regulations. This substance could also become a hazardous waste if it is mixed or comes in contact with a hazardous waste. If such contact or mixing may have occurred, check 40 CFR 261 to determine whether it is a hazardous waste. If it is considered hazardous, regulations 40 CFR 262, 263 and 264 apply. The transportation, storage, treatment, and disposal of this waste material must be conducted in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.



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# 14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface

**DOT Hazard Class: 9** 

Transportation)

**14.1. UN number** UN3257

**14.2. UN proper** UN3257, Elevated temperature liquid, n.o.s. (Asphalt), 9, III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA Transportation)

UN3257 UN3257

Elevated temperature liquid, Elevated temperature n.o.s., (Asphalt) Elevated temperature liquid, n.o.s., (Asphalt)

IMDG: 9 Air Class: 9

Sub Class: Not Applicable

III

# 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Inventory.
Not Regulated

WHMIS Classification
US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: No

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): No Delayed (Chronic): No

#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.



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## **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):**

Asphalt (petroleum)

#### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

# 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

**End of Document**